

OCR GCSE Syllabus - mapping to CLC and CLG		
OCR Syllabus:	http://www.ocr.org.uk/qualifications/gcse-latin-i282-from-2016/	
Prescribed Syntax	see page 21 of syllabus	

Syntax type	Stage where the Syntax is formally included in 'About the Language'	Included in Language Information at the end of the Book					Cambridge Latin Grammar
		Book 1	Book 2	Book 3	Book 4	Book 5	
Standard uses of the cases	Stage 2 (Nom & Acc); Stage 9 (Dat); Stage 17 (Gen); Stage 28 (Abl)	Nom, Acc, Dat	Nom, Acc, Gen, Dat	Y	Y	Y	page 49 to 54 section 14.1 to 14.6m
Expressions of time	Stage 28			Y	Y	Y	page 55 section 15.1
Comparison (using quam)	Stage 10					Y	page 53 section 14.6f
Comparison (with ablative of comparison)	see note Bk 5 page 126					Y	page 53 section 14.6f
The use of genitive, dative or ablative where these cases are taken by verbs or adjectives in the vocabulary list	Stage 11 (verbs + <i>dat</i>)		Y	Y	Y	Y	page 51 section 14.4d, 14.5b; page 53, section 14.6g
The cases taken by prepositions contained in the Defined Vocabulary List	Stage 28			Y	Y	Y	page 50 section 14.3c; page 53, section 14.6e
Direct statements	Stage 1	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	page 46 section 10.1 page 77, section 25.1
Direct commands	Stage 19						page 48, section 12.1; page 77, section 25.1
Prohibitions with <i>noli</i> and <i>nolite</i>	Stage 19						page 48, section 12.2; page 64, section 21.2
Direct questions	Stage 11						page 46 to 47, section 11.1 to 11.6; page 77, section 25.1
Uses of participles	Stage 20 (Pres) / 21 (PPP) / 22 (PAP) (not Abl Abs)			Y	Y	Y	page 61 - 63, 20.1-8; page 77, section 25.2
Ablative Absolute	Stage 31				Y	Y	page 54, section 14.6m; page 62-63, section 20.7
Uses of the gerundive with <i>ad</i> to express purpose	Stage 40					Y	page 82-83 section 26.2a-b, page 52 14.5f
Simple indicative conditional clauses	Stage 26 (examples and vocabulary entry)						page 75, section 24.1
Relative clauses (excluding <i>qui</i> + subjunctive)	Stage 15 (Nom / Acc <i>qui</i> , <i>quae</i> , <i>quod</i> only)		Y	Y	Y	Y	page 67, section 23.1; page 86, section 28.1
Indirect statement	Present / future tense verb of saying: Stage 35 (Present Act Inf only); Stage 37 (Perf Act & Perf Pass Inf); Stage 38 (Fut Act Inf & Pres Pass); Stage 40 - past tense verb of saying					Y	page 50, section 14.3d; page 65, section 21.7; page 77, section 25.1 and 25.4; page 88, section 28.4
Indirect command	Stage 27 (<i>ut</i> only); Stage 31 - <i>ne</i>			<i>ut</i> only	Y	Y	page 64, section 21.5; page 77, section 25.1; page 78, section 25.3; page 99, section 33.2k
Indirect questions	Stage 25			Y	Y	Y	page 77, section 25.1; page 78, section 25.2; page 99, section 33.2j;
Purpose clauses introduced by <i>ut</i> and <i>ne</i>	Stage 26 (<i>ut</i> only); Stage 31 - <i>ne</i>			<i>ut</i> only	Y	Y	page 68, section 23.2; page 98, section 33.2a
Fearing clauses introduced by <i>timeo</i> + <i>ne</i>	Stage 37 (examples) - see also Book 5 p.131 Language Information					Y	section 23.8, 9; 33.2g
Result clauses	Stage 27			Y	Y	Y	23.3,9; 33.2b
Temporal clauses with the indicative or subjunctive	Stage 24 (<i>cum</i>)	<i>postquam</i>	<i>simulac</i>	<i>cum</i> + <i>Subj</i>	<i>cum</i> + <i>Subj</i> ; <i>priusquam</i> / <i>dum</i> + <i>Subj</i>	<i>dum</i> , <i>cum</i> , <i>priusquam</i>	page 70, section 23.5; page 98, section 33.2d
Causal clauses introduced by <i>quod</i> and <i>cum</i>	See Book 2 page 167-168 Longer sentences 1	<i>quod</i>					page 69, section 23.4; page 98, section 33.2c
Concessive clauses introduced by <i>quamquam</i>	See Book 2 page 167-168 Longer sentences 1		<i>quamquam</i>				section 23.6; section 33.2e