#### **CSCP** Support Materials

#### Word order and interlinear translation

#### for WJEC/Eduqas Latin GCSE Component 2 *A Day at the Races*





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#### Introduction

### Important notice: only suitable for Eduqas Latin GCSE, Component 2, *A Day at the Races*

This booklet is designed to help only students who are preparing for the Eduqas Latin GCSE themed literature entitled *A Day at the Races*.

If you are preparing for any other examination or literature topic, **do not** use these materials - they will not be relevant to your studies.

#### About this booklet

This booklet has been written to help you work out a translation of the extracts set for the examinations. It is intended primarily for schools to give to students as a revision aid; students who may be learning Latin on their own; students on short courses who have to do much of the work on their own; students being taught privately and requiring additional material and students wishing to supplement the support materials provided by their school.

The booklet contains three versions of the prescribed literature. The first version has a numbered word order above the Latin text, the second has English meanings above the Latin and the third version has both a word order and English meanings. The three versions of the Latin are followed by the translation which results from combining the word order with the meanings given.

#### How to use this booklet

There are many ways to translate the literature set for the examination. The word order, meanings and translations provided in this booklet are just some examples. You may already have studied the literature in class or at home and created different, perhaps better, translations than those provided here. If so, choose your preferred translations from the options available to you. The translations provided here are neither definitive nor official versions. The authors and publishers of this booklet have no formal connection with the examining team and the translations included should not be regarded as any better than translations you may have created.

Although we have included a word order above the Latin to help you translate the Latin into English, always remember that Roman authors took great care to place their words in the order they did. The original order of the words contributes greatly to the meaning contained in the literature - meaning is conveyed not only in what is said, but in how the author says it. Therefore, first work out or revise the meaning of the Latin using the word order provided here, studying one sentence at a time and running over the sentence three or four times. Then try to translate the sentence without any support, using a blank copy of the passage (also available from the CSCP website). Study about ten to twelve lines at a time in this way. Once you understand how the Latin can be translated, return to the Latin text and look at the original order of the Latin words carefully to study how the meaning is enhanced by the original word order.

From time to time within the word order it has been necessary to show where one count ends and another begins. To do this we have used the | symbol. The use of italics within a translation indicates English words added to create a more natural translation.

#### Additional support online

All the literature in this booklet is also available online in 'exploring' format. This allows you to click any word and see the meaning of that word instantly. A grammatical analysis of the word in its context is also provided. You will also find 'Listen to' activities, where you can hear the literature read aloud, interactive activities and many carefully selected web-links for each selection in the prescribed literature. All the resources are available free of charge at www.CambridgeSCP.com (select 'Public Examinations' from the choices on the Main Entrance).

Students preparing for other WJEC Latin qualifications may also wish to take advantage of other materials online, such as vocabulary testers. The materials are housed in the 'Public Examinations' area of the www.CambridgeSCP.com website. Ovid

A Good Day at the Circus

(*Amores* 3.2)

#### Ovid, A good day at the Circus (numbered)

2=142=35|non ego nobilium sedeo studiosus equorum;

5 1 6= 6= 7 3 4 2 |
cui tamen ipsa faves, vincat ut ille, precor.
2 3 4 1 7 5 6
ut loquerer tecum veni, tecumque sederem,

 8/13
 16
 14
 15
 10
 11
 12
 9
 |

 ne tibi non notus, quem facis, esset amor.

 1
 3
 2
 4
 5
 |
 1=
 1=

 tu cursus spectas, ego te: spectemus uterque

 2
 3
 4
 8
 6
 5
 7
 |

quod iuvat atque oculos pascat uterque suos.

o, cuicumque faves, felix agitator equorum!

1 3 6 2 4 5 | ergo illi curae contigit esse tuae?

1=21=6574hoc mihi contingat, sacro de carcere missis

8 10 11 9 3 |
insistam forti mente vehendus equis
1 2 4 3 5 8 7 6 |
et modo lora dabo, modo verbere terga notabo,

 1
 2
 3
 4
 5
 |

 nunc stringam metas interiore rota;

 1
 3
 4
 2=
 2=
 5

si mihi currenti fueris conspecta, morabor, 7 6 8 9 11 10 12 | deque meis manibus lora remissa fluent.

2 1 5 6 3 4 maxima iam vacuo praetor spectacula Circo 9 10 11 7 8 1 quadriiugos aequo carcere misit equos.

<sup>2</sup> <sup>3</sup> <sup>1</sup> <sup>4</sup> <sup>5</sup> <sup>6</sup> | cui studeas, video; vincet, cuicumque favebis:

5 6 2 4 3 1 | quid cupias, ipsi scire videntur equi.

2 1 4 5 3 6 | me miserum, metam spatioso circuit orbe; 5

10

1 2 4 1 3 2 4 quid facis? admoto proxumus axe subit. 1 2 3 1 1 2 3 4 1 quid facis, infelix? perdis bona vota puellae;	20
tende, precor, valida lora sinistra manu.	
1 2 1 2 3 4 favimus ignavo. sed enim revocate, Quirites,	
5 6 9 8 7 10   et date iactatis undique signa togis.	
1 2 3 4 7 6 5 8	
en, revocant; ac, ne turbet toga mota capillos,	25
12 13 10 9= 9= 11 14	
in nostros abdas te licet usque sinus.	
<sup>2</sup> 1 4 5 7 6 3 i iamque patent iterum reserato carcere postes,	
5 2 3 4 1   evolat admissis discolor agmen equis.	
12 3 7 4 5 6	
nunc saltem supera spatioque insurge patenti:	
4 2 9 8 1 5/10 3/6 7 J sint mea, sint dominae fac rata vota meae.	30
4 3 5 1 2 6 7 8	
sunt dominae rata vota meae, mea vota supersunt;	
1 2 3 5 7 4 6   ille tenet palmam, palma petenda mea est.	

#### Ovid, A good day at the Circus (with translation)

not I of well-bred do..sit as a fan horses non ego nobilium sedeo studiosus equorum;

you ... the which however yourself support wins that one I pray cui tamen ipsa faves, vincat ut ille, precor.

so I might I have that speak with you come with you and I might sit ut loquerer tecum veni, tecumque sederem,

so that you ...not to you not known which cause is the love ne tibi non notus, quem facis, esset amor.

You the track look at I you let us...look at each tu cursus spectas, ego te: spectemus uterque

what pleases and eyes feast each one's own quod iuvat atque oculos pascat uterque suos.

O whichever one support lucky driver of horses O, cuicumque faves, felix agitator equorum!

For that to has it reason him concern happened to be your ergo illi curae contigit esse tuae?

that to me If ... should happen sacred from starting-gate released hoc mihi contingat, sacro de carcere missis

I would urge<br/>them onwith<br/>bravewith the<br/horses</th>insistamfortimentevehendusequis

at one I will the next with I will and moment the reins relax moment a whip their backs mark et modo lora dabo, modo verbere terga notabo,

now I will scrape posts with my inner wheel nunc stringam metas interiore rota;

If by me racing you have been spotted I will delay si mihi currenti fueris conspecta, morabor,

from and my hands reins loosened will drop deque meis manibus lora remissa fluent.

5

for the greatest Now the Praetor spectacle with the track empty 15 maxima iam vacuo praetor spectacula Circo in teams from the startinghas of four level gate released the horses quadriiugos aequo carcere misit equos. the you are you will l see he will win one backing whoever favour cui studeas, video; vincet, cuicumque favebis: what you want themselves to know the horses seem quid cupias, ipsi scire videntur equi. he has Poor the turning post in a wide gone round circle me me miserum, metam spatioso circuit orbe; with his What are you doing moved near the next (driver) chariot is approaching 20 quid facis? subit. admoto proxumus axe are you You are destroying good hopes of my girl What doing fool quid facis, infelix? perdis bona vota puellae; pull I beg with strong rein the left hand tende, precor, valida lora sinistra manu. We have call them backed a slowcoach But really back Romans favimus ignavo. sed enim revocate, Quirites, by waving from all sides the signals your togas and give et date iactatis undique signa togis. They are calling and lest mess up toga moved your hair Look! them back 25 en, revocant; ac, ne turbet toga mota capillos, to shelter you are allowed closely in mν arms in nostros abdas te licet usque sinus. having been with the now And are open again unlocked starting-gate gates iamque patent iterum reserato carcere postes, having been with flies off released the colourful group the horses evolat admissis discolor agmen equis. at least win space and move into the open Now nunc saltem supera spatioque insurge patenti: make may be my may be girl it that confirmed hopes of my 30 sint mea, sint dominae fac rata vota meae. The are girl confirmed hopes of my my hopes are still alive sunt dominae rata vota meae, mea vota supersunt; holds the palm He prize yet to be won my is

ille tenet palmam, palma petenda mea est.

#### Ovid, A good day at the Circus (with numbered translation)

 2=
 1
 4
 2=
 3
 5
 |

 not
 I
 of well-bred
 do..sit
 as a fan
 horses

 non ego nobilium sedeo studiosus equorum;

5 1 6= 6= 7 3 4 2 you ... the which however yourself support wins that one I pray

#### cui tamen ipsa faves, vincat ut ille, precor.

1 7 5 6 2 3 4 so I might I have with you with you and I might sit that speak come ut loquerer tecum veni, tecumque sederem,

8/13 16 14 15 10 11 12 9 I so that you ...not to you not known which the love cause is ne tibi non notus, quem facis, esset amor.

13245|1=1=You the tracklook atIyoulet us...look ateachtu cursus spectas, ego te: spectemus uterque

2 3 4 8 6 5 7 | what pleases and eyes feast each one's own quod iuvat atque oculos pascat uterque suos.

1 5 6 2 3 4 | you O whichever one support lucky driver of horses

#### o, cuicumque faves, felix agitator equorum!

 1
 3
 6
 2
 4
 5
 |

 For that to
 has it
 has it
 bit
 b

 1=
 2
 1=
 6
 5
 7
 4

 that
 to me
 If ... should happen
 sacred
 from starting-gate
 released

 hoc mihi
 contingat,
 sacro de carcere
 missis

10 8 11 9 3 I would urge with with the heart carried them on brave horses forti mente vehendus equis insistam

10

2 1 3 5 8 7 6 4 at one I will the next with l will and moment the reins relax moment a whip their backs mark et modo lora dabo, modo verbere terga notabo,

 
 1
 2
 3
 4
 5
 |

 the turning now
 I will scrape
 posts
 with my inner
 wheel

 nunc stringam metas
 interiore
 rota;

1342=2=5Ifby meracingyou have been spottedI will delaysi mihi currenti fueris conspecta, morabor,

7689111012|from andmyhandsreinsloosenedwill dropdequemeismanibusloraremissa fluent.

#### 2 1 5 6 3 4 for the greatest Now empty the Praetor spectacle with the track maxima iam vacuo praetor spectacula Circo

9 10 11 7 8 | in teams from the starting- has of four level gate released the horses

#### quadriiugos aequo carcere misit equos.

2 3 1 4 5 6 the you are you will l see he will win whoever one backing favour cui studeas, video; vincet, cuicumque favebis:

5 6 2 4 3 1 | what you want themselves to know seem the horses quid cupias, ipsi scire videntur equi.

2 1 4 5 3 6 | he has me Poor the turning post in a wide gone round circle me miserum, metam spatioso circuit orbe;

1 2 Т 4 2 1 3 with his What are you doing moved near the next (driver) chariot is approaching quid facis? admoto subit. proxumus axe

2 3 1 2 3 4 are you You are destroying What doing fool good hopes of my girl quid facis, infelix? perdis bona vota puellae;

 1
 2
 5
 4
 3
 6
 |

 pull
 I beg
 with strong
 rein
 the left
 hand

 tende, precor, valida
 lora sinistra manu.

1 2 1 2 3 4 We have call *them* backed a slowcoach But really back Romans favimus ignavo. sed enim revocate, Quirites,

5 6 9 8 7 10 | and give by waving from all sides the signals your togas et date iactatis undique signa togis.

12347658They are calling<br/>Look!and lest mess up toga moved your hairen, revocant;ac, ne turbet toga mota capillos,

25

20

15

1213109=9=1114|inmyto shelteryou are allowedcloselyarmsin nostros abdaste licetusquesinus.

2 1 4 5 7 6 3 T having been with the And are open again now unlocked starting-gate gates iamque patent iterum reserato carcere postes,

 5
 2
 3
 4
 1
 |

 having been
 with
 with

 flies off
 released
 the colourful
 group
 the horses

 evolat
 admissis
 discolor
 agmen equis.

## 1237456|Nowat leastwinspaceandmove intothe opennunc saltem supera spatioque insurge patenti:

4 2 10 9 3/7 1/6 5/11 8 | make may be my may be girl it that confirmed hopes of my sint mea, sint dominae fac rata vota meae. 30

4 3 5 1 2 6 7 8 | The are girl confirmed hopes of my my hopes are still alive

sunt dominae rata vota meae, mea vota supersunt;

1235746|Heholdsthe palmprizeyet to be wonmyisille tenet palmam, palma petenda mea est.

#### Ovid, A good day at the Circus (translation)

I do not sit *here* as a fan of well-bred horses;

however, I pray that the one which you yourself support wins.

I have come so that I might speak with you, and so that I might sit with you,

so that the love which you cause is not unknown to you (lit. so that the love which you make is not not known to you)

You look at the track, and I look at you: let us each look at

what pleases us and each feast our own eyes.

O lucky charioteer (lit. driver of horses), whichever one you support!

Is it for that reason that you care for him? (lit. For that reason has it happened to him to be your concern?)

If that should happen to me, once the horses were released from the sacred starting-gate

I would urge them on, carried with a brave heart,

and at one moment I will relax the reins, the next moment I'll mark their backs with the whip.

Now I will scrape the turning posts with my inner wheel.

If I spot you when racing (lit. If you will have been spotted by me racing), I will delay,

and from my hands the loosened reins will drop.

Now, for the greatest spectacle, once the track is empty (lit. with the Circus empty),

the Praetor has released the four-horse chariots (lit. the horses joined in fours) from the level starting-gate.

I see the one you are backing; he will win, whoever you favour

the horses themselves seem to know what you want.

Oh no! (lit poor me) He has gone round the turning post in a wide circle.

What are you doing? The next *driver* is approaching with his chariot moved near.

What are you doing,fool? You are destroying my girl's good hopes (lit. the good hopes of my girl);

pull, I beg you, the left rein with your strong hand.

We have backed a slowcoach. But really call them back, Romans,

and give the signal [lit. signals] from all sides by waving your togas.

Look! They are calling *them* back; and lest the moving of the togas (lit. the moved toga) mess up your hair you may shelter (lit. it is allowed for you that you may shelter) closely in my (lit. our) arms.

And now the gates are open again, with the starting-gate unlocked,

once the horses have been released (lit. with the horses released) the colourful group flies off.

Now, at least, win, and move into the open space:

confirm my hopes, and those of my mistress (lit. make *it that* my hopes may be confirmed, *that* the hopes of my mistress may be *confirmed*).

The hopes of my girl are confirmed, my hopes are still alive;

He holds the palm, my prize is yet to be won.

#### Martial

#### Lament for a dead charioteer

(Epigrams 10.50)

#### Martial, Lament for a dead charioteer (numbered)

1= 3 1= 1= 2 | frangat Idumaeas tristis Victoria palmas,

2 1 5 4 3 6 1 plange, Favor, saeva pectora nuda manu; 1= 1= 2 3 10 9 11 mutet Honor cultus, et iniquis munera flammis 6 7 5 4 8 mitte coronatas, Gloria maesta, comas. 1 2 4 3 1 5 heu facinus! prima fraudatus, Scorpe, iuventa 2 6 10 7 8 9 11 | occidis et nigros tam cito iungis equos. 8 1 7 3 4 6 5 curribus illa tuis semper properata brevisque 9 10 14 13 15 16 2/11 12 | cur fuit et vitae tam prope meta tuae?

#### Martial, Lament for a dead charioteer (with translation)

Let...break of Idumaea sad Victory the palms frangat Idumaeas tristis Victoria palmas,

strike Favour with a cruel chest *your* bare hand plange, Favor, saeva pectora nuda manu;

Let ... mourning to the as an change into Honour clothes and unkind offering flames mutet Honor cultus, et iniquis munera flammis

throw *your* crowned Glory unhappy hair mitte coronatas, Gloria maesta, comas.

your What an outrage! earliest cheated of Scorpus youth heu facinus! prima fraudatus, Scorpe, iuventa

you die and the black so soon harness horses occidis et nigros tam cito iungis equos.

chariots that for your always quick short and curribus illa tuis semper properata brevisque

why was also life so near turning post of your cur fuit et vitae tam prope meta tuae?

#### Martial, Lament for a dead charioteer (with numbered translation)

 1=
 3
 1=
 1=
 2
 |

 Let...break of Idumaea
 sad
 Victory
 the palms

 frangat Idumaeas tristis Victoria palmas,

2 1 5 4 3 6 | with your strike Favour cruel chest your bare hand plange, Favor, saeva pectora nuda manu;

10 1= 2 9 11 1= 3 Let ... mourning to the *as* an change into Honour clothes and unkind offering flames mutet Honor cultus, et iniquis munera flammis

6 7 5 4 8 | throw *your* crowned Glory unhappy hair mitte coronatas, Gloria maesta, comas.

1 2 4 3 1 5 your What an outrage! earliest cheated of Scorpus youth heu facinus! prima fraudatus, Scorpe, iuventa

2 6 10 7 8 9 11 | you die and the black so soon harness horses occidis et nigros tam cito iungis equos.

8 1 7 3 4 6 5 chariots that for your always quick short and curribus illa tuis semper properata brevisque

9 10 14 13 15 16 2/11 12 | why was also life so near turning post of your cur fuit et vitae tam prope meta tuae?

#### Martial, Lament for a dead charioteer (translation)

Let sad Victory break the palms of Idumaea, Favour, strike *your* bare chest with *your* cruel hand. Let Honour change into mourning clothes and, unhappy Glory, throw *your* crowned hair *as* an offering to the unkind flames. What an outrage! Scorpus, cheated of *your* earliest youth you die and so soon harness the black horses *of the underworld*. That turning post, always quick and short for your chariots, why was the turning post of your life also so near? Pliny

#### Not at the races

(Letters 9.6)

#### Pliny, Not at the races (numbered)

3 5 6 7 omne hoc tempus inter pugillares ac libellos iucundissima 2 10 1 1 1 4 5 quiete transmisi. 'quemadmodum' inquis 'in urbe potuisti?' 5 6 8 1 3 4 circenses erant, quo genere spectaculi ne levissime quidem 3 9 | 1 2 7= 4 5 6 teneor. nihil novum nihil varium, nihil quod non semel 3 4 7= | 1 2= 2= 5 spectasse sufficiat. quo magis miror tot milia virorum tam 7 8 9 12 11 pueriliter identidem cupere currentes equos, insistentes 10 | 1 2 4 5 15 13 6 7 curribus homines videre. si tamen aut velocitate equorum aut 3 10 13 11 12 | 1 8 hominum arte traherentur, esset ratio non nulla; nunc favent | 1 2 3 4 5 5 7 3 4 6 8 panno, pannum amant, et si in ipso cursu medioque certamine 9 10/14 12 13 16 11/15 18 17 19 1 hic color illuc ille huc transferatur, studium favorque transibit, 1 2 4 7 6 8 10 5 et repente agitatores illos equos illos, quos procul noscitant, | 1 11 13 12 3 2 3 quorum clamitant nomina relinguent. tanta gratia tanta 8 | 1 2 3 5 6 7 auctoritas in una vilissima tunica, mitto apud vulgus, quod 6 8 5 7 9 10 | 3 11 vilius tunica, sed apud quosdam graves homines; quos ego 2= 7 11 8 9 10 5 cum recordor, in re inani frigida assidua, tam insatiabiliter 4 | 1 2 3 4 6 7 5= desidere, capio aliguam voluptatem, guod hac voluptate non 5= | 1 2 3 4 8 7 6 10 capior. ac per hos dies libentissime otium meum in litteris | 1 2 4 5 colloco, quos illi otiosissimis occupationibus perdunt.

5

10

#### Pliny, Not at the races (with translation)

all this time among my writing tablets and books in the most pleasant omne hoc tempus inter pugillares ac libellos iucundissima

tranquility I have spent How you ask in Rome were you able quiete transmisi. 'quemadmodum' inquis 'in urbe potuisti?'

games There were by which kind of spectacle not in the slightest even **circenses erant, quo genere spectaculi ne levissime quidem** am I captivated nothing new nothing different nothing which not once

teneor. nihil novum nihil varium, nihil quod non semel

to have seen it is ...enough of this more amazed thousands of men so spectasse sufficiat. quo magis miror tot milia virorum tam

childishly again and again want running horses standing on pueriliter identidem cupere currentes equos, insistentes

chariots men to see If however either by the speed of the horses or curribus homines videre. si tamen aut velocitate equorum aut

of the men by the skill they were attracted there would be sense not no as it is they support hominum arte traherentur, esset ratio non nulla; nunc favent

a bit a piece that of cloth of cloth they love and if in very race in the middle and of that contest panno, pannum amant, et si in ipso cursu medioque certamine

this colour there that here were swapped over enthusiasm support and will change sides hic color illuc ille huc transferatur, studium favorque transibit,

And suddenly charioteers those horses those which distance they know et repente agitatores illos equos illos, quos procul noscitant,

whose they shout names they will abandon So much attraction so much quorum clamitant nomina relinquent. tanta gratia tanta

power in one really cheap tunic I dismiss among people who auctoritas in una vilissima tunica, mitto apud vulgus, quod

are than a cheaper tunic but among certain respectable men them I vilius tunica, sed apud quosdam graves homines; quos ego

I think in business pointless boring never-ending so greedily/insatiably when cum recordor, in inani frigida assidua, tam insatiabiliter re by this sitting idly I take some pleasure that pleasure not desidere, capio aliquam voluptatem, quod hac voluptate non lam

taken in and during these days most gladly free time my in writing capior. ac per hos dies libentissime otium meum in litteris

I spend which they on the laziest activities waste colloco, quos illi otiosissimis occupationibus perdunt.

5

10

#### Pliny, Not at the races (with numbered translation)

2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 all this time among my writing tablets and books in the most pleasant Omne hoc tempus inter pugillares ac libellos iucundissima

10112453|tranquilityI have spentHowyou askinRomewere you ablequietetransmisi.'quemadmodum' inquis 'in urbe potuisti?'

2 1 3 4 5 6 8 7 games There were by which kind of spectacle not in the slightest even circenses erant, quo genere spectaculi ne levissime quidem

3 4 9 2 5 6 7= 9 | 1 am I nothing different nothing which captivated nothing new not once teneor, nihil novum nihil varium, nihil guod non semel

8 7= 1 2= 2= 3 5 6 4 Because I am ... so many amazed to have seen it is ...enough of this more thousands of men so quo magis miror tot milia virorum tam spectasse sufficiat.

789121114childishlyagain and againwantrunninghorsesstanding onpueriliter identidem cupere currentes equos, insistentes

151310124567chariotsmento seeIfhowevereitherby the speedof the horsesorcurribus homines videre. si tamen aut velocitate equorum aut

9 8 3 10 13 11 12 | 1 2 of the men by the skill they were attracted there would be sense not no as it is they support hominum arte traherentur, esset ratio non nulla; nunc favent

5 | 1 2 3 4 5 7 6 3 4 a bit a piece that they love and if in in the middle and of that contest of cloth of cloth very race panno, pannum amant, et si in ipso cursu medioque certamine

10/1412 13 16 11/1517 19 18 20 9 this colour there that here were swapped over enthusiasm support and will change sides hic color illuc ille huc transferatur, studium favorque transibit,

1 2 5 4 7 6 10 9 8 from a And suddenly charioteers horses those which those distance they know et repente agitatores illos equos illos, guos procul noscitant,

1113123123whosethey shoutnamesthey will abandonSo much attractionso muchquorum clamitant nominarelinquent. tanta gratia tanta

4 5 6 7 8 1 2 3 1 4 the common really cheap tunic I dismiss among in one who power people auctoritas in una vilissima tunica, mitto apud vulgus, guod

5 6 7 8 9 10 11 T 3 2= are than a cheaper tunic but among certain respectable men them vilius tunica, sed apud quosdam graves homines; quos ego

#### 7 1 2= 11 8 9 10 5 6 never-ending so greedily/insatiably when I think in business pointless boring inani frigida assidua, tam insatiabiliter cum recordor, in re

4 | 1 2 3 4 6 7 5= sitting idly I take some pleasure that by this pleasure not desidere, capio aliquam voluptatem, quod hac voluptate non

5= | 1 2 3 4 8 7 6 9 10 I am...

taken in and during these days most gladly free time my in writing capior. ac per hos dies libentissime otium meum in litteris

512453I spendwhichtheyon the laziestactivitieswasteotiosissimis occupationibus perdunt.

#### Pliny, Not at the races (translation)

I have spent all this time among my writing tablets and books in the most pleasant tranquility. "How", you ask "were you able to do that in Rome?" There were games, by which kind of spectacle not even in the slightest am I captivated. There is nothing new, nothing different, nothing which it is not enough to have seen once. Because of this (lit. by which) I am more amazed *that* so many thousands of men so childishly, again and again, want to see horses running and men standing on chariots. If, however, they were attracted either by the speed of the horses, or by the skill of the men, there would be some (lit. not no) sense; as it is (lit. now) they support a bit of cloth, it's a piece of cloth they love. And if, in that very race and in the middle of that contest, this colour were swapped over there and that colour were swapped over here, *their* enthusiasm and support would change sides, and suddenly they will abandon those charioteers *and* those horses, which they know from a distance, whose names they shout. There is so much attraction, so much power in one very cheap tunic. I dismiss *it* among the common people, who are cheaper than a tunic, but among certain respectable men, when I think of them sitting idly so greedily/insatiably in this pointless, boring, never-ending business, I take some pleasure in the fact that I am not taken in by this pleasure. And during these days I invest my free time most gladly in writing, days which they waste on the laziest activities.

#### Juvenal

#### The crowd in the Circus

(Satire 11.197-204)

#### Juvenal, The crowd in the Circus (numbered)

4 1 5 2 3 6 7 9 totam hodie Romam circus capit, et fragor aurem 12 13 10 11 14 | 8 percutit, eventum viridis quo colligo panni. 1 2 3 7 9 8 4 nam si deficeret, maestam attonitamque videres 5 6 10 15 13 14 12 hanc urbem veluti Cannarum in pulvere victis 11 | 1= 1= 2 3 4 5 consulibus. spectent iuvenes, quos clamor et audax 6 8 11 7/9 10 12 | sponsio, quos cultae decet adsedisse puellae: 2 1/5 6 3 4 7 nostra bibat vernum contracta cuticula solem

9 8 10 | effugiatque togam.

#### Juvenal, The crowd in the Circus (with translation)

the whole Today of Rome the Circus holds and a roar my ear totam hodie Romam circus capit, et fragor aurem

strikes the victory green which I understand team's percutit, eventum viridis quo colligo panni.

for if they lost sad in shock and you would see nam si deficeret, maestam attonitamque videres

this city when of Cannae in the dust were defeated hanc urbem veluti Cannarum in pulvere victis

the consuls let ...watch the young men whom the noise and daring consulibus. spectent iuvenes, quos clamor et audax

5

bet whom stylish suits to sit beside girl sponsio, quos cultae decet adsedisse puellae:

my absorb spring wrinkled skin sun nostra bibat vernum contracta cuticula solem

escape and my toga effugiatque togam.

#### Juvenal, The crowd in the Circus (with numbered translation)

4 1 5 2 3 6 7 9 the whole Today of Rome the Circus holds and a roar my ear totam hodie Romam circus capit, et fragor aurem

8 12 13 10 11 14 | is the from strikes the victory green which I understand team's percutit, eventum viridis quo colligo panni.

1237984forifthey lostsadin shockandyou would seenam si deficeret, maestam attonitamque videres

5 6 10 15 13 14 12 just as this city when of Cannae in the dust were defeated hanc urbem veluti Cannarum in pulvere victis

11 | 1= 1= 2 3 4 5 the consuls let ...watch the young men whom the noise and daring consulibus. spectent iuvenes, quos clamor et audax

6 8 11 7/9 10 12 | bet whom stylish suits to sit beside girl sponsio, quos cultae decet adsedisse puellae:

2 1/5 6 3 4 7 let... my absorb spring wrinkled skin sun

nostra bibat vernum contracta cuticula solem

9 8 10 | escape and my toga

effugiatque togam.

#### Juvenal, The crowd in the Circus (translation)

Today the Circus holds the whole of Rome, and a roar strikes my ear, from which I understand *that* the victory is the green team's. For if they lost, you would see this city sad and in shock, just as *when* the consuls were defeated in the dust of Cannae. Let the young men watch, whom the noise and daring bets suit, *and* whom *it* suits to sit beside stylish girls (lit. stylish girl). Let my wrinkled skin absorb the spring sun and escape my toga. Suetonius

Caligula's favourite racehorse

(Caligula 55)

#### Suetonius, Caligula's favourite racehorse (numbered)

1= 1= prasinae factioni ita addictus et deditus, ut assidue in stabulo 9 10 | 8 cenaret et maneret, agitatori Eutycho comisatione guadam in 4 5 3 | 1 3/6= apophoretis vicies sestertium contulit. pridie circenses, ne 6= Incitatus equus inquietaretur, silentium viciniae per milites 7 | 16 1 2 indicere solebat. ei praeter equile marmoreum et praesaepe eburneum praeterque tegumenta purpurea ac monilia e 13 18 19 20 21 22 16 | 1 gemmis facta domum et familiam et supellectilem dedit, ut hospites nomine eius invitati eleganter acciperentur; consulatum etiam traditur ei destinasse.

#### Suetonius, Caligula's favourite racehorse (with translation)

(He was) the green and dedicated to that regularly in the stable team so ... obsessed prasinae factioni ita addictus et deditus, ut assidue in stabulo he used to to a named have dinner and stay charioteer Eutychus party At one as cenaret et maneret, agitatori Eutycho comisatione quadam in On the so that a gift two million sesterces he gave day before the games ...not apophoretis vicies sestertium contulit. pridie circenses, ne would ... be in the neighbourhood Incitatus his horse disturbed silence soldiers through Incitatus equus inquietaretur, silentium viciniae milites per he was to his As well to enforce stable made of marble and accustomed horse as manger 5 indicere solebat. ei praeter equile marmoreum et praesaepe in addition to and cloaks purple an ivory and collars out of eburneum praeterque tegumenta purpurea ac monilia e household made furniture he gave so that jewels a house and of slaves and gemmis facta domum et familiam et supellectilem dedit, ut of the guests in the name invited in style would be welcomed horse hospites nomine eius invitati eleganter acciperentur;

to give a consulship even It is said to him that he planned consulatum etiam traditur ei destinasse.

#### Suetonius, Caligula's favourite racehorse (with numbered translation)

4 5 1= 1= 2 3 6 8 11 12 (He was) and dedicated to that regularly the green team in the stable so ... obsessed prasinae factioni ita addictus et deditus, ut assidue in stabulo 9 2 6 7 q 10 8 1 L named he used to to a have dinner and stay charioteer Eutychus party At one as cenaret et maneret, agitatori Eutycho comisatione quadam in 7 4 5 3/6= 3 1 Т 2 On the so that a gift two million day before the games ...not sesterces he gave apophoretis vicies sestertium contulit. pridie circenses, ne 5 4 6= 9 10 11 12 in the would ... be Incitatus disturbed silence neighbourhood soldiers his horse through Incitatus equus inquietaretur, silentium viciniae milites per 2 3 4 6 8 7 17 1 he was to his As well stable made of marble to enforce manger accustomed horse as and 5 indicere solebat. ei praeter equile marmoreum et praesaepe 7 5 8 10 9 14 11 12 in addition to and an ivory cloaks purple out of and collars eburneum praeterque tegumenta purpurea ac monilia e 21 15 13 19 20 22 18 16 | 1 household a house furniture jewels made and of slaves and he gave so that gemmis facta domum et familiam et supellectilem dedit, ut 7 2 5 3 4 6 I of the in style guests in the name horse invited would be welcomed hospites nomine eius invitati eleganter acciperentur;

4 3 1 5 2 to give a consulship even It is said to him that he planned consulatum etiam traditur ei destinasse.

#### Suetonius, Caligula's favourite racehorse (translation)

*He was* so obsessed and dedicated to the green team that he used regularly to have dinner and stay in the stable. At one party he gave two million sesterces as a gift to a charioteer named Eutychus. On the day before the games, so that his horse Incitatus would not be disturbed, he was accustomed to enforce silence in the neighbourhood through *the use of* soldiers. As well as a stable made of marble and an ivory manger, and in addition to purple cloaks and collars made out of jewels, he gave to his horse a house and a household of slaves and furniture, so that guests invited in the name of the horse would be welcomed in style. It is said *that* he even planned (lit. *him* to have planned) to give a consulship to him. **Suetonius** 

Nero's passion for chariot-racing

(Nero 22)

#### Suetonius, Nero's passion for chariot-racing (numbered)

equorum studio vel praecipue ab ineunte aetate flagravit plurimusque illi sermo, quamquam vetaretur, de circensibus 7 | 1 2 8 7 erat; et quondam tractum prasinum agitatorem inter condiscipulos querens, obiurgante paedagogo, de Hectore se 11= | 1 2 3 11= loqui ementitus est. sed cum inter initia imperii eburneis 9 10 11 6 2 3 quadrigis cotidie in abaco luderet, ad omnes etiam minimos circenses e secessu commeabat, primo clam, deinde palam, 15 14 17 18 19= 19= | 1 ut nemini dubium esset eo die utique affuturum. neque dissimulabat velle se palmarum numerum ampliari; quare 13= 13= 12 | 1 spectaculum multiplicatis missibus in serum protrahebatur, ne 4 6 10 12 dominis quidem iam factionum dignantibus nisi ad totius diei 7 | 1 2= 4 cursum greges ducere. mox et ipse aurigare atque etiam 2= | 3 1 4 5 6 7 spectari saepius voluit positoque in hortis inter servitia et sordidam plebem rudimento universorum se oculis in Circo 11 | 1 Maximo praebuit, aliquo liberto mittente mappam unde magistratus solent.
# Suetonius, Nero's passion for chariot-racing (with translation)

by a for horses passion most especially from beginning age was excited equorum studio vel praecipue ab ineunte aetate flagravit	
most and of his conversation although it was forbidden about races plurimusque illi sermo , quamquam vetaretur, de circensibus	
(who) had from the was And once been dragged Greens a charioteer among erat; et quondam tractum prasinum agitatorem inter	
his fellow classmates complaining telling him off with his paedagogus about Hector he condiscipulos querens, obiurgante paedagogo, de Hectore se	
was talking he pretended <i>that</i> But although at beginning of his rein with ivory loqui ementitus est. sed cum inter initia imperii eburneis	5
chariots everyday on a board he played to all even insignificant quadrigis cotidie in abaco luderet, ad omnes etiam minimos	
games from country retreat he used to travel at first in secret then openly circenses e secessu commeabat, primo clam, deinde palam,	
so on he would that to no one doubt there was that day definitely be there Nor ut nemini dubium esset eo die utique affuturum. neque	
did he disguise that wanted he of prizes the number to be increased and therefore dissimulabat velle se palmarum numerum ampliari; quare	
the show multiplied with the races into late hours was extended not spectaculum multiplicatis missibus in serum protrahebatur, ne	10
(were) considering the managers even now of the factions it worthwhile unless to of a whole day dominis quidem iam factionum dignantibus nisi ad totius diei	
Before to be a racing teams to bring long even himself charioteer and also cursum greges ducere. mox et ipse aurigare atque etiam	
to be more a group watched frequently he wanted arranged and in gardens among of slaves and spectari saepius voluit positoque in hortis inter servitia et	
dirty people with a trial run of all himself to the eyes in Circus sordidam plebem rudimento universorum se oculis in Circo	
Maximus he presented with a certain freedman letting go of napkin from where Maximo praebuit, aliquo liberto mittente mappam unde	15
the magistrates usually do. magistratus solent.	

## Suetonius, Nero's passion for chariot-racing (with numbered translation)

3 2 4 5 6 7 8 He by a passion most especially beginning for horses from age was excited equorum studio vel praecipue ab ineunte aetate flagravit

2 1 3 4 5 6 8 9 most and of his conversation although it was forbidden about races plurimusque illi sermo, quamquam vetaretur, de circensibus

 7
 1
 2
 8
 7
 6
 4

 was
 And
 once
 been dragged
 Greens
 a charioteer
 among

 erat;
 et quondam tractum prasinum agitatorem inter

5 3 10 9 14 15 12 his fellow classmates complaining telling him off with his paedagogus about Hector he condiscipulos querens, obiurgante paedagogo, de Hectore se

1311=11=123457wastalkinghe pretended *that*But although at beginning of his reinwith ivory

loqui ementitus est. sed cum inter initia imperii eburneis

8 9 2 10 11 6 Τ 3 4 5 the most chariots everyday on a board he played to all insignificant even quadrigis cotidie in abaco luderet, ad omnes etiam minimos

6 7 8 1 9 10 11 12 games from country retreat he used to travel at first in secret then openly circenses e secessu commeabat, primo clam, deinde palam,

13 16 15 17 18 19= 19= 14 1 he would so on definitely that to no one doubt there was that day be there Nor ut nemini dubium esset eo die utique affuturum. neque

2 4 3 6 5 7 8 did he disguise *that* wanted he of prizes the number to be increased and therefore **dissimulabat velle se palmarum numerum ampliari; quare** 

1110913=121the showmultipliedwith the races into late hourswas extendednotspectaculum multiplicatis missibus in serum protrahebatur, ne

rum protrahebatur, ne

5

10

3 2 5 4 6 9 10 12 13 (were) considering the managers even now of the factions it worthwhile unless to of a whole day dominis quidem iam factionum dignantibus nisi ad totius diei

1 11 8 7 5 6 L 2= 4 3 Before to be a racing teams to bring long even himself charioteer and also cursum greges ducere. mox et ipse aurigare atque etiam

7 8 3 7 2= 1 1 4 5 6 to be more a droup frequently he wanted arranged and in gardens among watched of slaves and spectari saepius voluit positogue in hortis inter servitia et

9 2 14 10 12 13 15 14 common with a trial run himself to the eyes in Circus dirty of all people sordidam plebem rudimento universorum se oculis in Circo 1611123Maximushe presentedwith a certain freedmanletting go of 4 5 napkin from where Maximo praebuit, aliquo liberto mittente mappam unde 6 7

the magistrates usually do. magistratus solent.

## Suetonius, Nero's passion for chariot-racing (translation)

He was excited by a passion for horses most especially from his early youth (lit. from his age beginning), and most of his conversation (lit. the conversation for him), although it was forbidden, was about the races. And once, complaining among his fellow classmates about a charioteer from the Greens who had been dragged, while his paedagogus was telling him off (lit. with his paedagogus telling him off), he pretended *that* he was talking about Hector. But although at the beginning of his reign he played with ivory chariots every day on a board, he used to travel to all, even the most insignificant, games from his country retreat, at first in secret, then openly, so that no-one was in doubt (lit. there was doubt to no-one) that on that day he would definitely be there. Nor did he disguise that he wanted the number of prizes to be increased; in which way/as a result of which, with the number of races multiplied, the show was extended into the later hours. And not even the managers of the teams were now considering it worthwhile to bring their teams unless to a whole day's racing (lit. to racing of a whole day). Soon he even wanted to be a charioteer himself and also to be watched more frequently, and with a trial run arranged in the gardens among a group of slaves and *some* dirty common people, he presented himself to the eyes of all in the Circus Maximus, with a certain freedman letting go of the napkin from the place where magistrates usually do it.

# Virgil

## A boat race

(Aeneid 5.139-158 and 223-243)

## Virgil, A boat race (numbered)

Four boats compete in the race:

the **Pristis**, commanded by Mnestheus the **Chimaera**, commanded by Gyas the **Centaur**, commanded by Sergestus the **Scylla**, commanded by Cloanthus.

The aim is to make one circuit of a rock far out to sea, which acts like the meta in the Circus.

### Lines 139-158

1 2 3 5 6 4 12 7 inde ubi clara dedit sonitum tuba, finibus omnes, 9 10 8 11 | 3 4 1 haud mora, prosiluere suis; ferit aethera clamor 2 | 4 2 1 3 5 nauticus, adductis spumant freta versa lacertis. 3 2 5 4 infindunt pariter sulcos, totumque dehiscit 9 12 10 11 8 6 convulsum remis rostrisque tridentibus aequor. 5 3 4 5 1 2 non tam praecipites bijugo certamine campum 7 9 10 11 6 | corripuere ruuntque effusi carcere currus, 6 7 2 1 4 nec sic immissis aurigae undantia lora 9 12 13 11 | 3 8 10 concussere iugis pronique in verbera pendent. 5 7 6 8 10 9 11 tum plausu fremituque virum studiisque faventum 10 4 2 3 | 5 1 2 consonat omne nemus, vocemque inclusa volutant 3 2 1 3 4 | litora, pulsati colles clamore resultant. 7 8 11 9 10 12 6 effugit ante alios primisque elabitur undis 1 4 3 5 | 4 1 2 turbam inter fremitumque Gyas; quem deinde Cloanthus 6 7 10 5 3 consequitur, melior remis, sed pondere pinus 15 11 | 1 2 3 = 3= tarda tenet. post hos aequo discrimine Pristis

5 10 Centaurusque locum tendunt superare priorem; 2 3 4 5 9 8 et nunc Pristis habet, nunc victam praeterit ingens | 1 3 Centaurus, nunc una ambae iunctisque feruntur frontibus et longa sulcant vada salsa carina.

Gyas is first to reach the rock, but his helmsman takes such a wide course round the rock that Gyas becomes angry and throws him overboard - thus allowing the Scylla to take the lead. Far behind them, the Pristis and the Centaur are battling for third place. However, Sergestus steers the Centaur too close to the rock and the boat is so badly damaged that he has to drop out of the race. Mnestheus in the Pristis then seizes his chance to close the gap on the other two boats.

#### Lines 223-243

inde Gyan ipsamque ingenti mole Chimaeram 2 | 1 2 3= 3= consequitur; cedit, quoniam spoliata magistro est. 2 1 6 7 solus iamque ipso superest in fine Cloanthus, 10 11 14 quem petit et summis adnixus viribus urget. 1 2 4 tum vero ingeminat clamor cunctique sequentem I instigant studiis, resonatque fragoribus aether. 1 4 5 6 8 hi proprium decus et partum indignantur honorem 3= 3= ni teneant, vitamque volunt pro laude pacisci; Ι hos successus alit: possunt, quia posse videntur. et fors aequatis cepissent praemia rostris, 7/14= 11 ni palmas ponto tendens utrasque Cloanthus

14= 13 15 18 16 19 20 17 | fudissetque preces divosque in vota vocasset: 1 2 4 3 5 6 7 8 | 'di, quibus imperium est pelagi, quorum aequora curro, 1 2= 2= 7 4 6 8 5 vobis laetus ego hoc candentem in litore taurum 3 9 10 12 11 | 3 1 5 constituam ante aras voti reus, extaque salsos 35 4 6 7 10 9 8 2 proiciam in fluctus et vina liquentia fundam.' 1 15 2 4 3 5 14 6 dixit, eumque imis sub fluctibus audiit omnis 8 10 9 7 12 11 13 | Nereidum Phorcique chorus Panopeaque virgo, 1 2 4 6 5 3 8 et pater ipse manu magna Portunus euntem 7 | 1 6 5 8 7 9 impulit: illa Noto citius volucrique sagitta 40 3 4 2 10 14 12 11 13 ad terram fugit et portu se condidit alto.

### Virgil, A boat race (with translation)

Four boats compete in the race: the **Pristis**, commanded by Mnestheus the **Chimaera**, commanded by Gyas the **Centaur**, commanded by Sergestus the **Scylla**, commanded by Cloanthus. The aim is to make one circuit of a rock far out to sea, which acts like the meta in the Circus.

#### Lines 139-158

starting Then when the loud gave the signal trumpet positions all inde ubi clara dedit sonitum tuba, finibus omnes, from without delay sped forward the sky The shout their strikes haud mora, prosiluere suis; ferit aethera clamor of the churned by heaving sailors are foaming waves up arms nauticus, adductis spumant freta versa lacertis. They cut through together furrows the entire and splits open infindunt pariter sulcos, totumque dehiscit by the surface of torn apart prows three-pronged the sea oars and convulsum remis rostrisque tridentibus aequor. Not in a two-horsed field even so fast race non tam praecipites bijugo certamine campum from the tear across and rush off released starting-gate chariots corripuere ruuntque effusi carcere currus, nor in this to way unrestrained charioteers the rippling do reins nec sic immissis aurigae undantia lora pairs of bending shake horses forward and into whips lean concussere iugis pronique in verbera pendent. with with Then applause roar and of men the cheers and of supporters tum plausu fremituque virum studiisque faventum resounds whole shout and enclosed send out wood consonat omne nemus, vocemque inclusa volutant struck hills by the uproar shores echo litora, pulsati colles clamore resultant. in the speeds in front of others and glides ahead waters forward first effugit ante alios primisque elabitur undis

5

confusion Among noise and Gyas him Then Cloanthus turbam inter fremitumque Gyas; quem deinde Cloanthus better with oars but with weight chases after boat consequitur, melior remis, sed pondere pinus holds ... slow After these neck and neck the Pristis back tarda tenet. post hos aequo discrimine Pristis the Centaur and position strain to gain the better Centaurusque locum tendunt superare priorem; the Pristis defeated and now has it now overtakes huge et nunc Pristis habet, nunc victam praeterit ingens

Centaur now together both side by side and are carried Centaurus, nunc una ambae iunctisque feruntur

with prows and long plough waters salty keels frontibus et longa sulcant vada salsa carina.

Gyas is first to reach the rock, but his helmsman takes such a wide course round the rock that Gyas becomes angry and throws him overboard - thus allowing the Scylla to take the lead. Far behind them, the Pristis and the Centaur are battling for third place. However, Sergestus steers the Centaur too close to the rock and the boat is so badly damaged that he has to drop out of the race. Mnestheus in the Pristis then seizes his chance to close the gap on the other two boats.

#### Lines 223-243

then Gyas itself and with its huge bulk the Chimaera inde Gyan ipsamque ingenti mole Chimaeram

he overtakes gives way since she has been deprived of helmsman consequitur; cedit, quoniam spoliata magistro est.

alone now And itself is left at end Cloanthus solus iamque ipso superest in fine Cloanthus,

he heads with his whom for and greatest straining strength pursues **quem petit et summis adnixus viribus urget**.

then indeed increases the uproar everyone and pursuing tum vero ingeminat clamor cunctique sequentem

25

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urges on support resounds and with the noises the sky instigant studiis, resonatque fragoribus aether.

These

with

men their own glory and gained feel shame honour hi proprium decus et partum indignantur honorem

if they are in return thev life and willing fame to exchange keep for ..not ni teneant, vitamque volunt pro laude pacisci; to be these encourages they are able because other men success able they seem successus alit: possunt, quia posse videntur. hos And perhaps side-by-side they would have taken the prizes with prows 30 et tors aequatis cepissent praemia rostris, if to the stretching both Cloanthus ...not hands sea out ni palmas ponto tendens utrasque Cloanthus had poured and prayers gods and in pleas had called fudissetque preces divosque in vota vocasset: Gods for whom power there is the sea whose waters I race across 'di, quibus imperium est pelagi, quorum aequora curro, for you happily I this a snow-white on shore bull vobis laetus ego hoc candentem in litore taurum of my as a the before the altars vow I will place debtor entrails and the salty 35 constituam ante aras voti reus, extague salsos I will throw into waves and wine clear I will pour out proiciam in fluctus et vina liquentia fundam.' He spoke him and deep under waves heard whole dixit, eumque imis sub fluctibus audiit omnis of sea nymphs Phorcus and choir Panopea and virgin Nereidum Phorcique chorus Panopeaque virgo, himself hand with a mighty Portunus father him going and et pater ipse manu magna Portunus euntem That than the pushed ship south wind faster flying and arrow 40 impulit: illa Noto citius volucrique sagitta to land sped and harbour itself anchored in the deep ad terram fugit et portu se condidit alto.

### Virgil, A boat race (with numbered translation)

Four boats compete in the race: the **Pristis**, commanded by Mnestheus the **Chimaera**, commanded by Gyas the **Centaur**, commanded by Sergestus the **Scylla**, commanded by Cloanthus. The aim is to make one circuit of a rock far out to sea, which acts like the meta in the Circus.

#### Lines 139-158

1 2 3 5 6 4 12 7 starting Then when the loud gave the signal trumpet positions all inde ubi clara dedit sonitum tuba, finibus omnes,

9 1 10 8 11 3 4 T from without delay sped forward their strikes the sky The shout haud mora, prosiluere suis; ferit aethera clamor

2 | 4 2 1 3 5 | of the sailors by heaving are foaming waves up arms nauticus, adductis spumant freta versa lacertis.

1 3 2 5 4 7 They cut through together furrows the entire and splits open infindunt pariter sulcos, totumque dehiscit

8 9 12 10 11 6 | by the surface of torn apart oars prows and three-pronged the sea convulsum remis rostrisque tridentibus aequor.

1 2 3 4 5 8 Not in a even so fast two-horsed race field

non tam praecipites bijugo certamine campum

7 9 10 11 6 | from the tear across and rush off released starting-gate chariots **Corripuere ruuntque effusi carcere currus**,

5 1 6 7 2 4 in this nor to way unrestrained charioteers the rippling reins do nec sic immissis aurigae undantia lora

3 8 10 9 12 13 11 | pairs of bending shake horses forward and into whips lean concussere iugis pronique in verbera pendent.

1 5 7 6 8 10 9 11 with with Then and of men the cheers and of supporters applause roar tum plausu fremituque virum studiisque faventum

4 2 3 5 1 2 4 resounds whole wood shout and enclosed send out consonat omne nemus, vocemque inclusa volutant

3 | 2 1 3 4 | shores struck hills by the uproar echo litora, pulsati colles clamore resultant.

6 7 8 11 9 10 12 speeds in in the forward front of others first and glides ahead waters effugit ante alios primisque elabitur undis

2 1 4 3 5 4 1 2 confusion Among noise and Gyas him Then Cloanthus turbam inter fremitumque Gyas; quem deinde Cloanthus

3567108chases afterbetterwith oarsbutwith weightboatconsequitur, melior remis, sed pondere pinus15

9 11 | 1 2 3 = 3= 4 holds ... slow back After these neck and neck the Pristis tarda tenet. post hos aequo discrimine Pristis

6 5 10 7 8 9 | the Centaur and position strain to gain the better Centaurusque locum tendunt superare priorem;

12345986and now the Pristis has it now defeated overtakes hugeet nunc Pristis habet, nunc victam praeterit ingens

7132647Centaurnowtogetherbothside by side andare carriedCentaurus, nunc una ambae iunctisque feruntur

5 8 9 11 13 12 10 | with prows and long plough waters salty keels frontibus et longa sulcant vada salsa carina.

20

Gyas is first to reach the rock, but his helmsman takes such a wide course round the rock that Gyas becomes angry and throws him overboard - thus allowing the Scylla to take the lead. Far behind them, the Pristis and the Centaur are battling for third place. However, Sergestus steers the Centaur too close to the rock and the boat is so badly damaged that he has to drop out of the race. Mnestheus in the Pristis then seizes his chance to close the gap on the other two boats.

#### Lines 223-243

1 3 6 4 7 8 5 then Gyas itself and with its huge bulk the Chimaera

then Gyas itself and with its huge bulk the Chimaera inde Gyan ipsamque ingenti mole Chimaeram

2 Т 1 2 3= 3= 4 she she has been he overtakes gives way since deprived of helmsman consequitur; cedit, quoniam spoliata magistro est.

4 2 1 8 5 6 7 3 alone now And itself is left at end Cloanthus solus iamque ipso superest in fine Cloanthus,

9 10 11 14 13 15 12 | he heads with his whom for and greatest straining strength pursues **quem petit et summis adnixus viribus urget.** 

1243658thenindeedincreasesthe uproareveryoneandpursuingtumveroingeminatclamorcunctiquesequentem

25

30

7 9 12 10 13 11 | with urges on support resounds and with the noises the sky instigant studiis, resonatque fragoribus aether.

1456827These<br/>men their owngloryandgainedfeel shamehonourhi proprium decus etpartumindignantur honorem

3= 12 10 3= 9 13 14 11 I if thev they are in return ..not keep life and willing for fame to exchange ni teneant, vitamque volunt pro laude pacisci;

3 1 2 4 7 I 5 6 to be these encourages they are able because success able they seem other men hos successus alit: possunt, quia posse videntur.

1 2 4 5 6 3 And perhaps side-by-side they would have taken the prizes with prows et fors aequatis cepissent praemia rostris,

7/14=11129108ifto thestretching...nothandsseaoutbothCloanthus

ni palmas ponto tendens utrasque Cloanthus

14=13151816192017|had poured andprayersgodsandinpleashad calledfudissetqueprecesdivosqueinvotavocasset:

12435678|Gods for whom power there is the sea whose waters I race across'di, quibus imperium est pelagi, quorum aequora curro,

8 1 2= 2= 7 4 6 5 a snow-white for you happily this on shore bull vobis laetus ego hoc candentem in litore taurum

#### 3 9 10 12 11 | 3 1 5 of my as a the I will place before the altars vow debtor entrails and the salty constituam ante aras voti reus, extaque salsos

2 4 6 7 10 9 8 | I will throw into waves and wine clear I will pour out proiciam in fluctus et vina liquentia fundam.'

1 15 2 4 3 5 14 6 He spoke him and deep under waves heard whole dixit, eumque imis sub fluctibus audiit omnis

8 10 9 7 12 11 13 | of sea nymphs Phorcus and choir Panopea and virgin Nereidum Phorcique chorus Panopeaque virgo,

1246538andfatherhimselfhandwith a mightyPortunushim goingetpater ipse manu magnaPortunus euntem

7 | 1 6 5 8 7 9 That than the pushed *ship* south wind faster flying and arrow impulit: illa Noto citius volucrique sagitta

3 4 2 10 14 12 11 13 | to land sped and harbour itself anchored in the deep ad terram fugit et portu se condidit alto. 35

## Virgil, A boat race (translation)

Then when the loud trumpet gave the signal, all sped forward without delay from their starting positions. The shout of the sailors strikes the sky, the waves are foaming, churned up by heaving arms. They cut through the *watery* furrows together, and the entire surface of the sea splits open, torn apart by the oars and three-pronged prows. Not even so fast in a two-horsed race do chariots tear across the field and rush off, when released from the starting-gate, nor in this way do the charioteers shake the rippling reins over the unrestrained pairs of horses (lit. with the pairs of horses unrestrained) and, bending forward, lean in to whip them (lit. lean into whips). Then the whole wood resounds with the applause and roar of men and with the cheers of the supporters, and the enclosed shores send out a shout, and the hills, struck by the uproar, echo. Among the crowd and noise Gyas speeds forward in front of the others and glides ahead into the first stretch of water (lit. in the first waters). Then Cloanthus chases after him with a better crew (lit. better with the oars), but with its weight the slow boat holds him back. After them, neck and neck, the Pristis and the Centaur strain to gain the better position, and now the Pristis has *it*, now the huge Centaur overtakes the defeated *boat/Pristis*, now both are together and are carried with prows side by side and they plough the salty waters with their long keels.

> Gyas is first to reach the rock, but his helmsman takes such a wide course round the rock that Gyas becomes angry and throws him overboard - thus allowing the Scylla to take the lead. Far behind them, the Pristis and the Centaur are battling for third place. However, Sergestus steers the Centaur too close to the rock and the boat is so badly damaged that he has to drop out of the race. Mnestheus in the Pristis then seizes his chance to close the gap on the other two boats.

Then he chases Gyas and the Chimaera itself with its huge bulk; she gives way, since she has been deprived of her helmsman. And now Cloanthus is left at the end itself, whom he makes for and pursues, straining with his greatest strength. Then indeed the uproar increases and everyone urges him on in his pursuit (lit. urges on the pursuing one) with shouts of support, and the sky resounds with the noise (lit. noises). These men feel shame if they don't keep their own glory and the honour they have gained, and they are willing to exchange their life in return for fame; success encourages these other men: they are able, because they seem to be able. And perhaps, with prows side-by-side, they would have taken the prize (lit. prizes), if Cloanthus, stretching out both hands to the sea, had not poured out prayers and called on the gods in his pleas. "Gods, for whom there is power over the sea, whose waters I race across, for you I happily will place a snow-white bull on this shore before the altars as a debtor of my vow, and I will throw the entrails into the salty waves and I will pour out clear wine." He spoke, and under the deep waves the whole chorus of sea nymphs and the sea god Phorcus and Panopea the virgin heard him, and father Portunus himself with his great hand pushed him on his way (lit. pushed the going one). That *ship* sped to land more quickly than the South wind and a flying arrow and anchored itself in the deep harbour.